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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	first named inventor	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/809,329	03/16/2001	Marie Christine Bissery	03806.0493	5359
22852 75	90 08/13/2002	i 		<b>!</b>
FINNEGAN, HENDERSON, FARABOW, GARRETT &			EXAMINER	
DUNNER LLP 1300 I STREET WASHINGTO	r, NW	:	HENRY, MICHAEL C	
WASHINGTO	N, DC 20003	2	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1623	1
	•	,	DATE MAILED: 08/13/2002	<b>H</b>

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)		
	09/809,329	BISSERY, MARIE CHRISTINE	Ē	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit		
	Michael C. Henry	1623		
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period v Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a y within the statutory minimum of thin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON cause the application to become A	reply be timely filed ty (30) days will be considered timely. VTHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on				
, <u> </u>	is action is non-final.			
3) Since this application is in condition for allows closed in accordance with the practice under Disposition of Claims				
4) $\boxtimes$ Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are pending in the application	1			
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw				
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	withom consideration.			
6)  Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are rejected.				
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.				
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or Application Papers	r election requirement.			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r			
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accept		he Examiner		
Applicant may not request that any objection to the				
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on				
If approved, corrected drawings are required in rep	,			
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	•			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120				
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).		
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	. p.10.1., a.1.0.	3 / (0(0) (0) (0)		
1.☐ Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received.			
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No				
Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International But	rity documents have been			
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not	received.		
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic	c priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(e) (to a provisional application)	).	
<ul><li>a)  The translation of the foreign language pro</li><li>15)  Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domesti</li></ul>	• •			
Attachment(s)				
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)   Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)   Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 2	5) Notice of	Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)		

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

Claims 1-20 are pending in application

#### **Priority**

Receipt is acknowledged of papers submitted under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d), which papers have been placed of record in the file.

## Information Disclosure Statement

The information disclosure statement filed complies with the provisions of 37 CFR 1.97, 1.98 and MPEP § 609. It has been placed in the application file and the information referred to therein has been considered as to the merits.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-72 Claims 1-72 Claims 1-72 Claims 1-73 Claims 1-73 Cancer Chemother 18 (3): 393-402, 1991).

In claim 1, applicant claims a therapeutic pharmaceutical composition, comprising an effective amount of camptothecin, or a camptothecin derivative, in combination with an effective amount of a topoisomerase II inhibitor for the treatment of solids tumors.

Furata et al. disclose applicant's claimed, therapeutic pharmaceutical composition, comprising an effective amount of camptothecin derivative (CPT-II), in combination with an effective amount of a topoisomerase II inhibitor (adriamycin or doxorubicin) for the treatment of tumors (see summary or abstract and tables). The applicant's composition of claims 2-7, 9-12 is also anticipated by Furata et al.

(see summary or abstract and tables). It should be noted that claim 1-7, 9-11 are composition claims and the recitation of the intended utility of the composition is not a further limitation of the claim. The examiner gives very little weight to said intended utility.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 5,8,13-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Furuta et al.

In claims 5 and 7, applicant claims a composition as in claim 3 and 6 respectively, wherein said antibiotic is daunomycin (claim 5) and wherein said epipodophyllotoxin is teniposide (claim 7).

Furuta et al. disclose a composition as in claim 3 and 6 respectively, wherein said antibiotic is adriamycin and wherein said epipodophyllotoxin is etoposide.

The difference between applicant's claimed method and the method taught by Furuta et al. is that the applicant's antibiotic is daunomycin as compared to adriamycin and applicant's epipdophyllotoxin is teniposide as compared to etoposide. However, daunomycin and adriamycin are both well known anthracycline antibiotics or antitumor agents of very similar structure. That is, they can be considered species of the same genus. Also, the epipdophyllotoxin, teniposide and etoposide are antitumor agents that can also be considered species of the same genus.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art, at the time the claimed invention was made, in view of Furuta et al., to prepare and administer a therapeutic pharmaceutical composition, comprising an effective amount of camptothecin, or a camptothecin derivative, in combination with an effective amount of a topoisomerase II inhibitor like daunomycin (which can be considered to belong to the same genus as adriamycin (doxorubicin), for the treatment of different tumors.

One having ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated in view of Furuta et al., to prepare and administer a therapeutic pharmaceutical composition, comprising an effective amount of camptothecin, or a camptothecin derivative, in combination with an effective amount of a topoisomerase II inhibitor like daunomycin based on need, like the type and/or degree of severity of the tumor.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 14-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Furuta et al.

In claim 13, applicant claims a method of treating a solid tumor, comprising administering an effective amount of camptothecin, or a camptothecin derivative, as a first agent, in combination with administration of an effective amount of a topoisomerase II inhibitor as a second agent, wherein the agents are administered simultaneously, semi-simultaneously, or separately.

Furuta et al. disclose a method of treating a tumor (L 1210 leukemia), comprising administering an effective amount of a camptothecin derivative, as a first agent, in combination with administration of an effective amount of a topoisomerase II inhibitor as a second agent, wherein the agents are administered simultaneously, semi-simultaneously, or separately (see abstract and tables).

The difference between applicant's claimed method and the method taught by Furuta et al. is that the applicant's type of tumor that is treated.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art, at the time the claimed invention was made, in view of Furuta et al., to use the method of Furuta et al. to treat various types of tumors like solid tumors, and to use antitumor agents taught by Furuta et al. that belong to the same genus as (adriamycin and daunomycin) and (teniposide and etoposide) for the treatment of different tumors, based on need, like the type and/or degree of severity of the tumor.

One having ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated in view of Furuta et al., to use the method of Furuta et al. to treat various types of tumors like solid tumors, and to use antitumor agents taught by Furuta et al. that belong to the same genus as (adriamycin and daunomycin) and (teniposide and etoposide), for the treatment of different tumors, based on need, like the type and/or degree of severity of the tumor.

It should be noted that claims 14-20 are also obvious in view of Furuta et al., and that the oral administration of the composition as recited in claim 20 is also based on need, like the type and/or degree of severity of the tumor and the subject that is treated.

#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael C. Henry whose telephone number is 703 308-7307.

The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00 am to 4:30pm; Mon-Fri. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Johann R. Richter can be reached on 703 308-4532. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703 308-4556.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703 308-1235.

MCH

May 7, 2002

SAMUEL BARTS PRIMARY EXAMINER GROUP 1200